11/09/2017

700 East Johnson Street Development



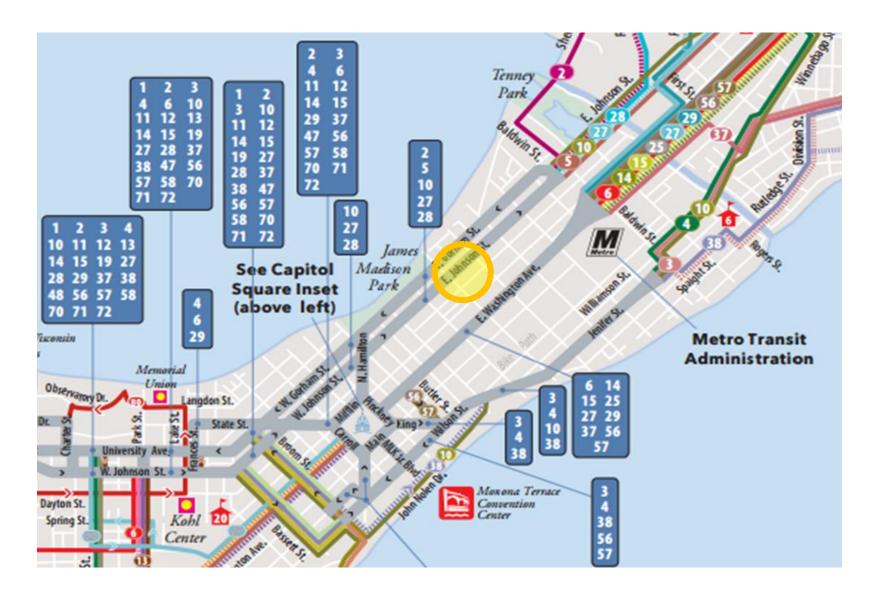


Project Meetings to Date	TLNA Steering Committee Meeting: March 16
Neighborhood Meeting:	TLNA Steering Committee Meeting:
January 10	March 20
TLNA Steering Committee Meeting:	TLNA Steering Committee Meeting:
February 2	April 20
TLNA Steering Committee Meeting:	TLNA Steering Committee Meeting:
February 15	June 1
TLNA Council Meeting:	TLNA Steering Committee Meeting:
March 9	August 8



Existing Context





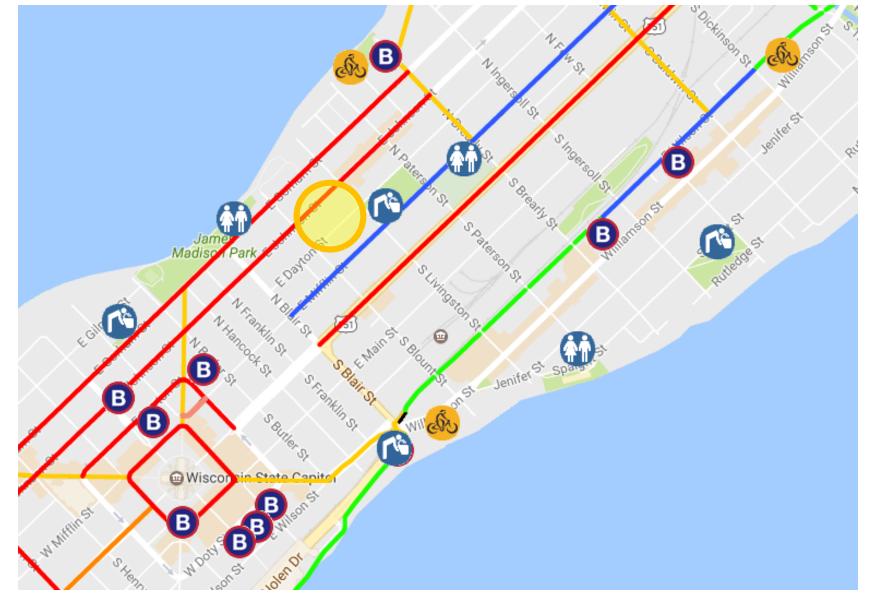
Nearby transit stops Madison Metro





Proposed BRT





Biking routes and amenities





Very Walkable

Most errands can be accomplished on foot.



Good Transit

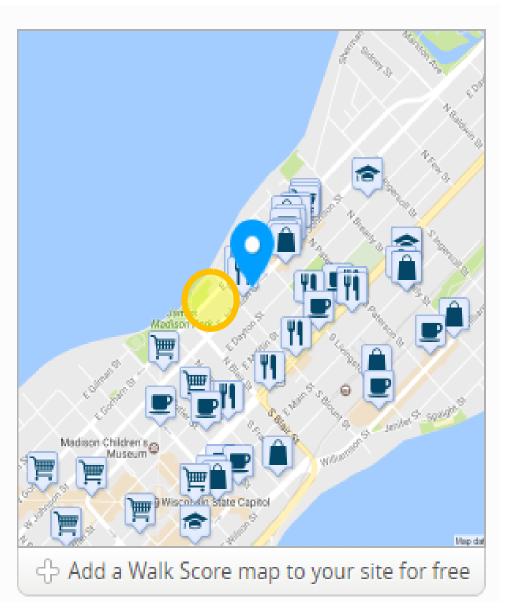
Many nearby public transportation options.



Biker's Paradise

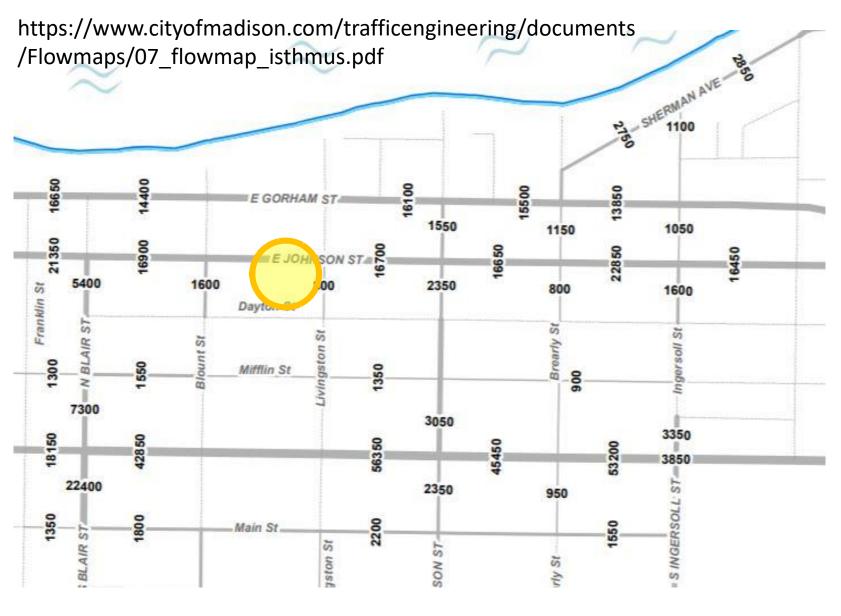
Flat as a pancake, excellent bike lanes.

About your score



Walkability



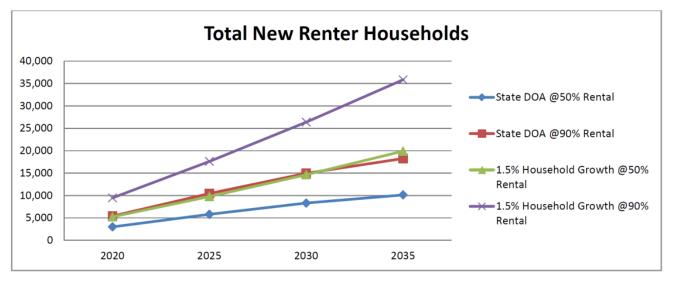


Average weekday traffic counts

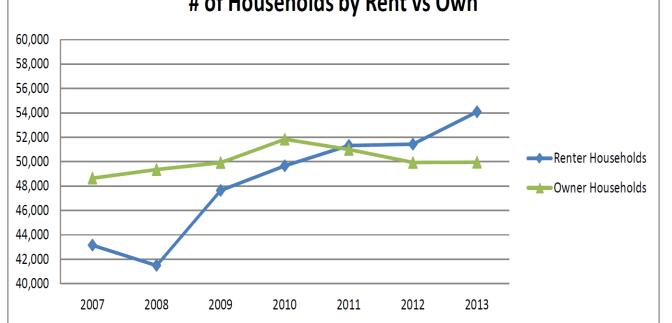
(600-1000 blocks) East Johnson Street 16,650 – 22,850

(600-1000 blocks) East Washington Ave **42,840 – 56,350**





Source: WI Department of Administration



of Households by Rent vs Own

2015 City of Madison **Housing Report**

Demand for rental housing is driven by:

- Increased population and household growth
- Growth of households in the 25-34 age cohort
- Reversion to historic lower rates of home ownership
- Fastest growing group of renters are upper middle class households



Planning Context

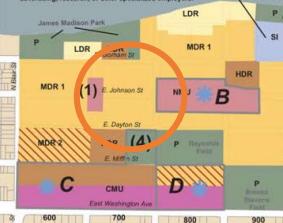


Map Notes

(1) 700 Block of East Johnson Street The west end of this block has businesses today. While near-term goals for growth of the E. Johnson Business District focus on the 800 and 900 blocks, the long-range vision anticipates expansion of the NMU district to the 700 block as well.

(2) 1200 Block of East Johnson Street The multiple storefront structure on the east end of this block has been partially converted to residential use. Continued business use of the rest of this structure is appropriate within this LDR/MDR1 area.

(3) 1000 block of East Washington Avenue Madison Dairy and CarX Muffler occupy this block. At present, neither business plans to relocate. If that changes, future uses under the E and MDR2 designations are desired. Building design standards specified for the 800 block of East Washington would apply. Desired employment uses could include business incubators, design firms, software, advertising, research, or other specialized employers.



Land Use Categories

LDR Low Density Residential - Less than 16 units per acre. Acceptable housing are single-unit detached houses, two and three flats, row houses, and small ap buildings (maximum of 4 units). Design standards are discussed in the Land Ut of the neighborhood plan.

MDR1 Medium Density Residential 1 - 16 to 25 units per acre. While density is s higher than LDR, acceptable housing types and design standards are the same

MDR2 Medium Density Residential 2 - 26 to 40 units per acre. Acceptable housi are generally the same as LDR, but with no fixed maximum on the number of u houses or apartments. Design standards are discussed in the Land Use Section neighborhood plan.

HDR High Density Residential - 41 to 60 units per acre. Established sites are Lie Condominiums, Norris Court Apartments, Das Kronenburg Condominiums and Place Apartments. New HDR development can occur in the 600-700 blocks of Mifflin Street with no fixed limits on size or units. Maximum facade height on Mifflin is 3 stories and step-back heights are limited by a 30-degree view line from the Mifflin facade top.

(4) Reynolds Park Expansion If the Reynolds Crane Service Property becomes available, it should be redeveloped, at least in part, as an enlargement of Reynolds Park. The park expansion would also include removing all or part of the 100 block of North Livingston Street and replacing it with a pedestrian south side of Mifflin Street are also acceptable. and bicycle lane. Ultimately, Reynolds Field will become a "village greeen" with residential structures facing it on all four sides.

(5) Trachte-Washington Square Property The MDR2 block should be developed for primarily residential use, with some limited recreational business use along the Yahara River Parkway. Some neighborhood serving businesses can also be located on this block. Spacing of buildings should be designed to allow sight lines from the neighborhood and avoid the sense of a wall

Note 1:

Giddings Open Space

Presbyterian

between the neighborhood and the river. Mifflin Street should be re-established in the 1400 block to serve new development and should cul-de-sac at the Yahara River Parkway for motor vehicles but allow access for pedestrians and bicycles to the parkway. Some residential uses on the

Tenney Beach

ettney Part

Tenney-Lapham Neighborhood Plan Land Use

Map 5

Recommendations RESIDENTIAL DISTRICTS

LDR Low Density (0-15 units/acre)

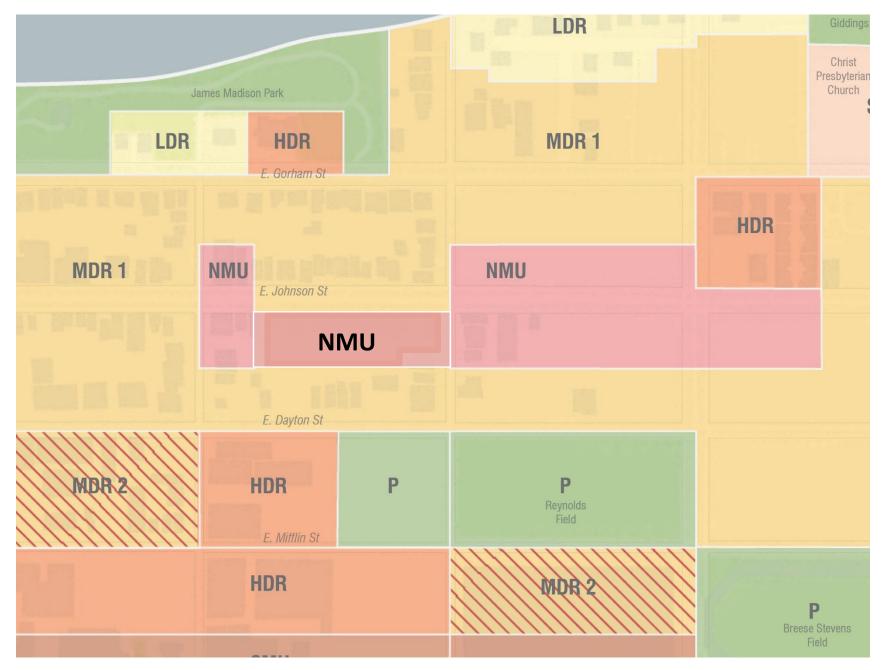
Neighborhood Plan MAP 5

Kahler

700 Block of East Johnson Street. The west end of this block has businesses today. While near-term goals for growth of the E. Johnson Business District focus on the 800 and 900 blocks, the long-range vision anticipates expansion of the NMU district to the 700 block as well.

scale of surrounding uses. Recommended predominantly as office, research and specialized employment areas. Does not include retail and consumer services.





Neighborhood Plan Original Plan Land Use



Summary Neighborhood Issues

"Strengthening the vitality of the neighborhood commercial core on East Johnson Street by encouraging rehabilitation of existing buildings, some new commercial construction, and installation of a shared parking area."



TENNEY-LAPHAM Neighborhood Plan 2008



Adopted by the Madison Common Council February 5, 2008 Legislative File ID 06761 (RES-08-0016)



Neighborhood Special Features

"Housing. A wide range of housing options fit the needs of individuals and families – including single family homes with lake frontage to smaller, moderately priced homes, co-op living, and two/three flats to larger apartment complexes – are found in different areas of the neighborhood."



TENNEY-LAPHAM Neighborhood Plan 2008



Adopted by the Madison Common Council February 5, 2008 Legislative File ID 06761 (RES-08-0016)



Future of Tenney-Lapham: Looking Back from 2020

"Last but not least, Tenney-Lapham also has a traditional neighborhood business district along East Johnson near Paterson Street. With the influx of more families and long-term residents, **the business district has thrived and expanded along the 700, 800, and 900 blocks of East** Johnson Street."



TENNEY-LAPHAM Neighborhood Plan 2008



Adopted by the Madison Common Council February 5, 2008 Legislative File ID 06761 (RES-08-0016)



LAND USE GOALS, ACTION STEPS/PROJECTS, DESIGN STANDARDS, AND IMPLEMENTERS

Goal 3: Plan for growth of the East Johnson Street business district along both sides of the 700 and 800 blocks and part of the 900 block of East Johnson Street.

Discussion: A variety of businesses are currently located on these three blocks with the largest number being on the 800 block. The 700 and 900 blocks have businesses located only at their west ends. The other properties are residential. The neighborhood seeks to increase the business use of these blocks while keeping the residential flavor. Adaptive re-use of residential structures for specialty businesses is encouraged for this district. Replacement of existing structures with structures specifically designed for neighborhood mixed-use is also encouraged.

The continuation and growth of this district is vital to the neighborhood. As other areas of the neighborhood along East Washington Avenue and the Yahara River are developed for uses including business, all proposals must be evaluated to determine their impact on the viability of the East Johnson Street business district.



LAND USE GOALS, ACTION STEPS/PROJECTS, DESIGN STANDARDS, AND IMPLEMENTERS		
Goal 3 – ACTION STEPS/PROJECTS	Goal 3 - DESIGN STANDARDS	Goal 3 - IMPLEMENTERS
1. As shown on Map 5, Areas A and B, designate a portion of the 700 block, the 800 block and a portion of the 900 block of East Johnson Street as Neighborhood Mixed Use (NMU). Adopt an ordinance to amend the Comprehensive Plan accordingly.	 In general, pedestrian-and-transit-oriented design principles should be applied. East Johnson Street is a metro transit route. It was historically, and may again be, a streetcar route. Initial growth of business uses should be focused on the 800 block and the west end of the 900 block. The 700 block should remain more residential in the near term. Ground floor retail with residential units above is an appropriate design for new structures built in this district. There are a number of current examples of such structures in the district already – see 702, 845 and 851-57 East Johnson as good examples. There should be a limited set back (to allow for benches, tables, planters, etc) from the sidewalk. The building height limit is 3-stories. The neighborhood does not seek to eliminate all ground floor residential from these blocks. New structures may be 100% commercial or 100% residential, in addition to mixed-use. Adaptive re-use of existing residential structures to business uses (such as galleries or cafes) is also supported. 	1. Department of Planning & Community & Economic Development



City of Madison Comprehensive Plan – Land Use

Objective 7: Encourage the development of compact, mixed-use neighborhoods and districts.

Policy 1: Encourage the creation of **compact, mixed-use development projects** that include a variety of land uses in close proximity to each other. Such development should be consistent with City adopted plans, design guidelines and land development regulations that apply to mixed-use developments.

Objective 29: Provide a range of affordable, quality housing choices in all neighborhoods to meet the needs of households of different sizes, lifestyles, incomes and tastes.

Policy 2: Within each neighborhood, **provide different types of housing at multiple locations throughout the neighborhood**, rather than concentrating each type to separate locations.

Policy 5: Locate all housing types to provide convenient access to neighborhood activity centers, reduce transportation distances, and create an overall pleasing residential environment.





City of Madison Comprehensive Plan – Land Use



Objective 36: Provide a range of housing opportunities, including affordable housing, that will be attractive to both owner and renter households of different sizes, lifestyles, incomes and tastes.

Policy 1: In established neighborhoods characterized predominantly by single family and two-family housing types, generally **maintain the current housing mix while encouraging multi-family and mixed-use projects in neighborhood centers and business districts and along major transit corridors**.



Transit Oriented Development

"Transit-Oriented Development is characterized by a compact, mixed-use development pattern that focuses the highest development densities and intensities in very close proximity to high capacity transit stops."

City of Madison Comprehensive Plan, 2006





City of Madison Comprehensive Plan - Housing



Objective 1: Promote housing development and reinvestment that encourages a range of housing choices for all residents and that helps physical dwellings contribute to the development of safe, comfortable, and viable neighborhoods, and a community for all residents.

Policy 11: Promote the development and operation of multi-modal transportation so that **housing can be built or expanded along predictable transit zones and corridors** that encourage reasoned land use, reinvestment, viable neighborhoods with a full range of neighborhood-serving businesses, and compact development.



City of Madison Comprehensive Plan - Housing

Objective 3: Preserve the quality of existing housing and adapt it to changing needs.

Policy 4: Work with property owners and developers to improve the quality of repair and adaptation of existing residential buildings, and promote the quality of new design and construction to enhance new developments.

Policy 6: Explore with developers, owners, and neighborhoods ways to extend the life of signature buildings or key neighborhood-defining characteristics, and promote those that achieve a comfortable and effective balance of continuity and new functions.

Policy 12: Encourage and facilitate the relocation of existing residential buildings that might otherwise be demolished, by proactively identifying sites where house can feasibly be moved.





Imagine Madison Draft Strategies for the Comprehensive Plan Update



Form & Connectivity

Goal 1: Madison will be comprised of compact, interconnected neighborhoods anchored by a network of mixed-use activity centers.

Strategy 7: Reduce the demand for development of farmland and vacant land on the periphery of the City by encouraging infill, redevelopment, and higher development densities at appropriate locations.

Strategy 9: Concentrate the highest intensities of residential, employment, commercial, and mixed-use development downtown, along transit corridors, and at major activity centers.





Imagine Madison Draft Strategies for the Comprehensive Plan Update



Neighborhoods & Housing

Goal 1: Madison will be a safe and welcoming city of strong and complete neighborhoods that meet the needs of all residents.

Goal 2: Madison will have a full range of quality and affordable housing opportunities throughout the City.

Strategy 1: Ensure that there is a sufficient supply of rental housing to reduce housing costs and provide more choices.





Project Evolution

Neighborhood Plan Amendment





















































AUGUST 8, 2017 - CURRENT



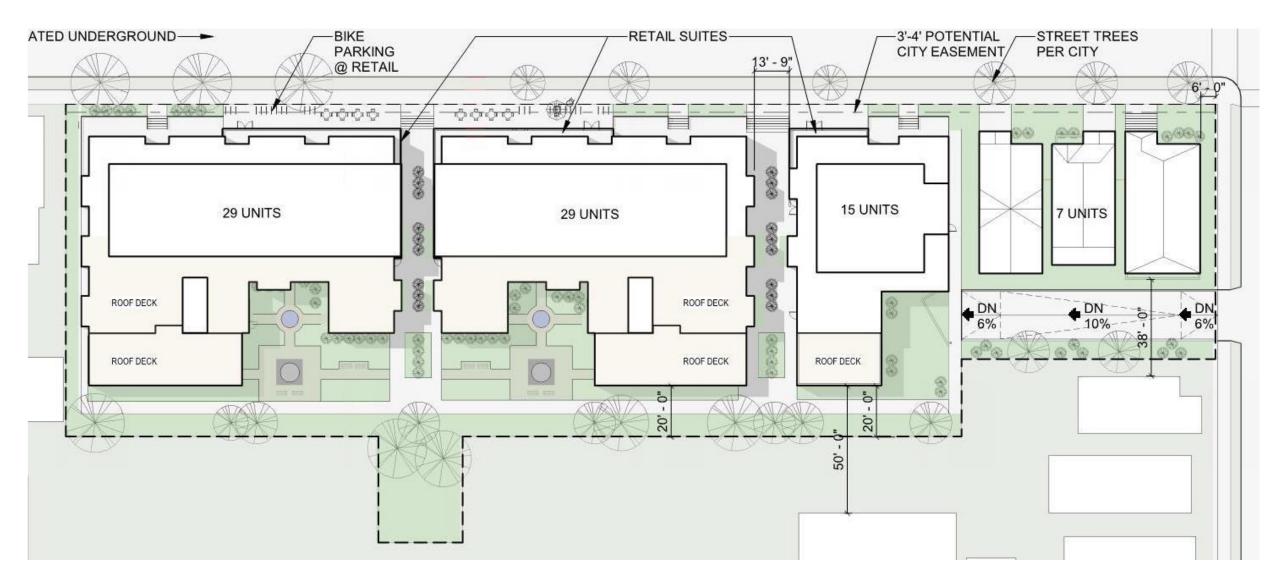




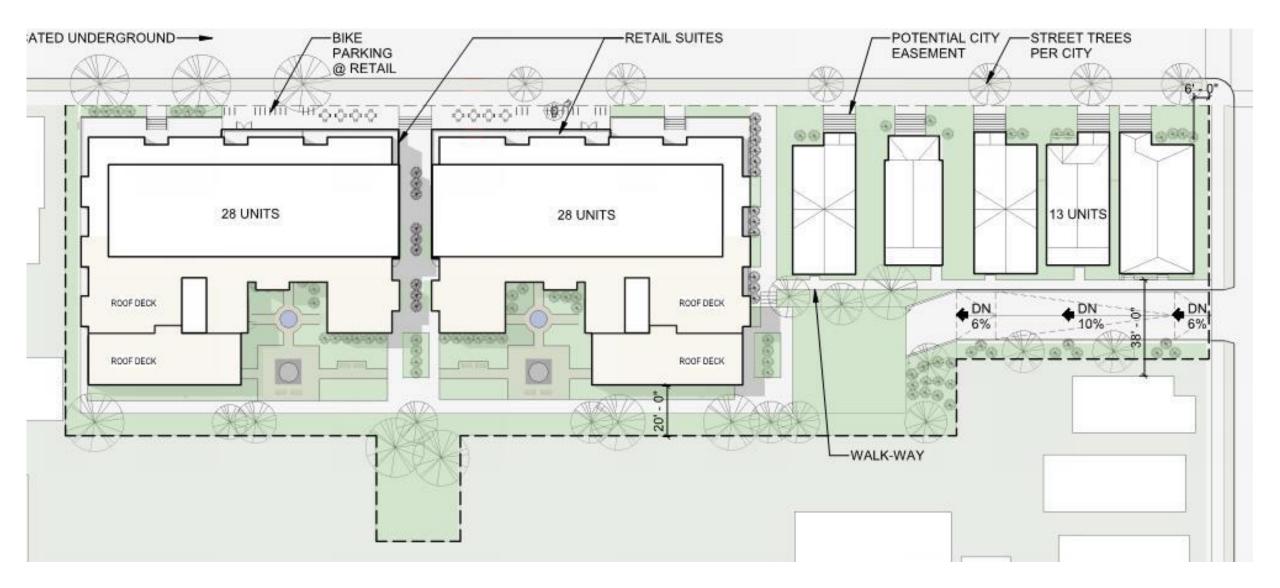


Current Proposal











Unit Type	Tally	Ratio	Notes
S	18	26%	
1	19	28%	54% Studios and 1s
2	22	32%	
3	9	13%	
4	1	1%	46% 2s, 3s and 4s
Total Units	69	100%	
Total Bedrooms	112		

Project Data		Notes
Parking stalls	69	1 per unit
Historic homes preserved on-site	5	
Historic homes preserved off-site	3	
Total historic homes preserved	8	
Historic homes deconstrcuted	3	
Historic units restored	13	
New units constructed	56	
New retail suites	2	12
Total retail area	2800	
Affordable units	7	10% of total units

Additional notes

Retail suite at historic 3-flat eliminated

Useable open space requirements have been met

Program

- 2 new buildings
- 8 restored houses
- 69 units
- 7 affordable units
- 2 retail suites
- 2800 sf of retail
- 2800 sf of retail
- Bike and auto parking
- Balances unit sizes

Key Components

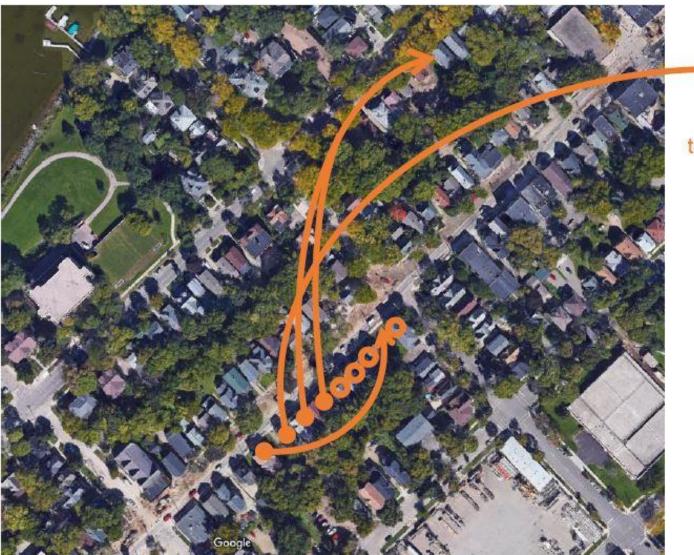
- Modern, efficient apartment units: mix of 69 studio, one, two, three, and four-bedrooms
- **Commercial space**: two 1400 sq ft retail units
- **Parking**: 69 underground vehicle spaces
- **Community Access**: access to roof deck terraces, courtyard and rear yard green space
- Other features: Electric car charging stations, pet grooming area



Restoration on Site 751 East Johnson 745 East Johnson 743 East Johnson 739/741 East Johnson

Restoration & Relocation

727 to 749 E. Johnson
737 to 943 E. Dayton
731 to 827 E. Gorham
733 to 827 E. Gorham



to 943 E. Dayton



Restoration on Site



751



745



Restoration on Site



743



739/741



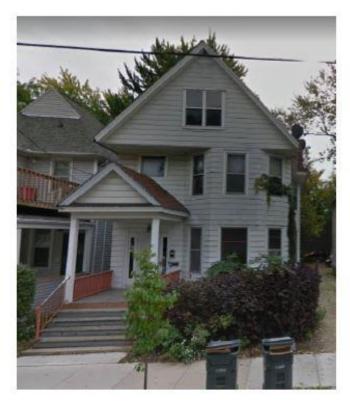
Restoration off Site



737*









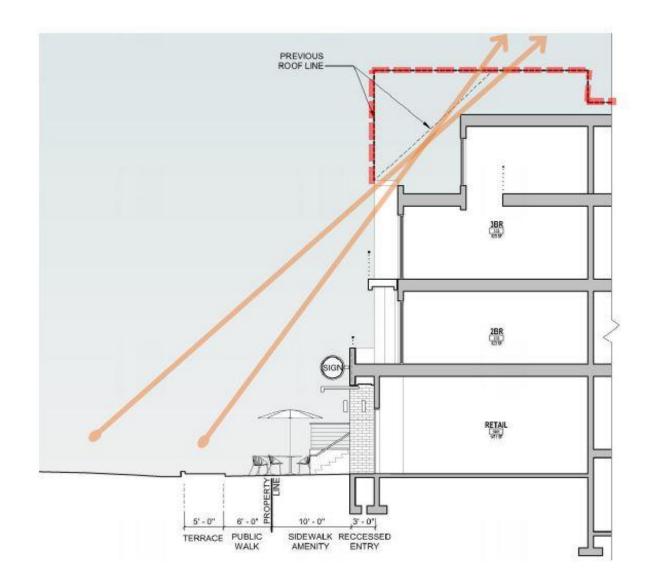












<u>UrbanAssets</u> Kahler Slater





MASONRY MODULAR BRICK STACK BOND CHAMPAGNE



EQUITORE FIBER CEMENT PANEL GRAY TONES



CORRUGATED METAL PANEL CONCEALED FASTENERS



STANDING SEAM METAL C



CABLE RAIL





ACCENT PANELS ORANGE METAL PANEL CEDAR SHIPLAP





















Benefits of Proposed Development

- **Preservation** of eight Queen Anne homes
- Unit mix that includes family housing
- ADA accessible rental units & businesses where none currently exists
- Expansion of walking commercial district spanning from the 700 block to the 900 block of East Johnson Street
- Additional safety & security along East Johnson Street
- Significant investment in the neighborhood with an increased tax base
- Project to be completed without subsidy funding
- **New patrons** for existing Tenney-Laphan businesses
- Maintaining affordable housing
 - **Preserving eight of eleven** current affordable housing options without subsidy
 - Improve vacant lot on East Gorham by moving and restoring two affordable housing structures



Next Steps

Development Assistance Team (DAT) meeting:	UDC Initial Meeting:	
November 16 th	February 7 th	
Submit Urban Design Commission (UDC) materials:	Plan Commission Meeting:	
November 22 nd	February 19 th	
UDC Informational	UDC Final Meeting:	
December 6 th	March 7 th	
Landmarks Commission:	Common Council Meeting:	
December 11 th	March 19 th	
Submit Land Use & Subdivision Application:	Move houses: March	
December 20 th	Break Ground: April	



THANK YOU!

